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CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL

**Wednesday, 1st March, 2023 at 7.00 pm in the Conference Room,
Civic Centre, Silver Street, Enfield, EN1 3XA**

Membership:

Councillors: Michael Rye OBE (Chair), Chris Dey (Vice-Chair), Mahmut Aksanoglu, Kate Anolue, Sinan Boztas, Mustafa Cetinkaya, Adrian Grumi and Ahmet Oykener

AGENDA – PART 1

1. WELCOME AND APOLOGIES

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Members of the Council are invited to identify any disclosable pecuniary, other pecuniary or non-pecuniary interests relevant to the items on the agenda.

3. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING (Pages 1 - 6)

To agree the minutes of the Crime Scrutiny Panel meeting held on 7 December 2022.

4. PLEDGE FOR 50 ADDITIONAL OFFICERS IN ENFIELD (Pages 7 - 26)

To receive the report of Martin Rattigan, Head of Environmental Protection & Bereavement Services.

5. STREETLIGHTING - FOCUSING ON THE POTENTIAL IMPACT ON CRIME (Pages 27 - 32)

To receive the report of Eddie Henry, Street Lighting PFI Client Manager.

6. SSCB PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT - MONITORING UPDATE (Pages 33 - 50)

To receive the report of Andrea Clemons, Head of Community Safety and Ashley Webb, Community Safety Intelligence Analyst.

7. WORK PROGRAMME 2022/23 (Pages 51 - 54)

To note the Crime Scrutiny Panel Work Programme 2022/23.

8. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

To note that future meeting dates will be confirmed at Annual Council in May 2023.

CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL - 7.12.2022**MINUTES OF THE MEETING OF THE CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL HELD ON WEDNESDAY, 7TH DECEMBER, 2022**

MEMBERS: Councillors Mahmut Aksanoglu, Kate Anolue, Mustafa Cetinkaya (Associate Cabinet Member (Enfield South East)), Adrian Grumi, Ahmet Oykener, Michael Rye OBE and Stephanos Ioannou

Officers: Andrea Clemons (Head of Community Safety), Dudu Sher-Arami (Director of Public Health), Ivana Price (Head of Early Help, Youth & Community Safety), Julie Tailor (Domestic Violence Co-ordinator), Jane Creer (Governance officer)

Also Attending: Superintendent Rhona Hunt (Neighbourhood Policing, BCU North Area), Tim Fellows (Chair, Safer Neighbourhood Board), John Prior (Parent Engagement Network)

Three representatives on behalf of Enfield Town business traders.
Local press representative.

1. WELCOME AND APOLOGIES

Cllr Michael Rye (Chair) welcomed everyone to the meeting.

Apologies for absence were received from Cllr Chris Dey, who was substituted by Cllr Stephanos Ioannou.

2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

Cllr Adrian Grumi declared a non pecuniary interest as he runs the Enfield Crime Watch Facebook page.

3. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING

AGREED the minutes of the meeting held on 13 September 2022.

4. DEPUTATION ON BEHALF OF TRADERS IN ENFIELD TOWN

With the permission of the Chair, representatives of traders in Enfield Town raised their concerns in respect of recent burglaries at business premises.

Mr Onur Durak advised that his premises - Aksular Restaurant - was burgled in the early morning of Saturday 3 December. There had been damage and losses. The safe had been taken, put into an Enfield Town blue bin and wheeled away. He considered that a full investigation had not been carried out by the Police in response. On speaking to neighbours in the area he was also concerned to hear that the Burger Restaurant, beauty salon, Art Town cafe, the Barber shop, off licence and Ada Restaurant had also been burgled

CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL - 7.12.2022

in the last year, and from cctv footage it looked like the same gang may be responsible. He had been told that the CCTV cameras in Silver Street were not working. Other traders shared the concerns and felt more should be done to protect businesses.

The Chair thanked Mr Durak for bringing the concerns to the Panel's attention and it would be ensured that they were followed up.

Supt Rhona Hunt confirmed that the ward sergeant would make contact and that a detective would be asked to investigate. There was a tactical group in place which looked for links between crimes in an area.

Andrea Clemons advised that camera footage from the time in Enfield Town would be checked to find out if there was any coverage.

5. SERIOUS YOUTH CRIME

RECEIVED the report of Dudu Sher-Arami (Director of Public Health), Ivana Price (Head of Early Help, Youth & Community Safety), Andrea Clemons (Head of Community Safety), and Suzy Francis (Principal Educational Psychologist & Strategic Lead for Children's Emotional Wellbeing and Mental Health).

Main parts of the report were highlighted, and that there was positivity in some of the latest data. Having had the highest levels of victims in London, Enfield was now one of only six boroughs showing a reduction in serious youth violence. The majority of the offences were recorded in the eastern part of the borough, although Southgate also had a high rate. The range of prevention work by the Council, Police and wider partnership was set out. Analysis of the local youth offending cohort of young people for 2021/22 showed that the majority of offences were committed by young men and that black young men were overrepresented within youth justice services.

Questions and comments were invited from Panel members.

The Chair raised the constant over-representation of black young men, their disadvantages, and a lack of youth centres in the Southbury area. Officers highlighted work done in training and diversifying judiciaries. There was also a promising programme with a youth worker employed at Wood Green custody facility. An action plan with partners showed the serious consideration of issues and how to tackle and prevent inequality and reduce disadvantage. It was recognised that the borough's five youth centres were not necessarily where they were needed, but the Council had recently launched mobile youth provision to offer support at hot spots, and a detached youth work offer in neutral spaces in the community. It was confirmed that there was black inspirational mentoring and professional family coaches who worked with parents, carers and siblings of an offending young person to help overcome family issues.

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Cllr Mahmut Aksanoglu had concerns as a Southbury ward councillor, including about transported crime from outside the borough. Officers highlighted the partnership work and use of resources to maximise the youth offer, and proactive work in relation to privately-run children's homes in the borough to prevent criminalisation of children in care. Supt Rhona Hunt also emphasized the strands of pursue and protect, and that Police worked across the Enfield / Haringey boundary and put resources into hot spot places.

Cllr Kate Anolue raised the need to address the social inequalities, employment, earnings and housing disadvantages and the institutional racism faced by young black men, and that there would be no improvement until all were treated equitably.

Cllr Stefanos Ioannou raised the historical issue that Southgate College imported crime, and of transported crime linked to the Piccadilly tube line. Supt Rhona Hunt confirmed the work with British Transport Police and with after school patrols and schools officers. A London-wide campaign to 'look up, look out' was also currently running. The CHiPS community help point scheme was also in place and included the Alan Pullinger Centre.

Cllr Mustafa Cetinkaya asked about use of libraries for youth clubs. It was confirmed that libraries did offer late opening hours and activities and outreach, but that any expanded use would require more funding.

In response to Cllr Adrian Grumi's queries regarding young people's support being representative of an area's ethnicity, this was confirmed and that officers visiting youth centres were satisfied with the diversity observed. Activities were co-produced with young people and included sports, boxing, and gym, and that young leaders were developed to become qualified and paid.

Cllr Ahmet Oykenner would wish to see the third sector involved more for engagement with communities, and opportunities at Meridian Water site explored. Tim Fellows also raised that the voluntary sector was often more trusted than the Police or Council and could achieve great things with a small amount of money. Officers highlighted a successful voluntary sector bid to the Young Londoners Fund, and training that was provided to groups by the Council, and support given to Enfield Voluntary Action. Apprenticeship offers tended to focus on those 18+, but planning gain monies at Meridian Water should be able to fund temporary facilities there and the Chair asked that this be taken forward by officers.

6. VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN & CHILDREN

RECEIVED the report of Julie Tailor, Domestic Violence Co-ordinator.

Julie Tailor introduced the report and provided updates on the priorities in Enfield. It was highlighted that domestic abuse accounted for a quarter of all crime reported in Enfield, and was recognised as likely to be under-reported. The programmes and schemes to support victims were set out, and the recent

CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL - 7.12.2022

progress made. There was a need to have an Independent Sexual Violence Adviser (ISVA) in the borough, and work was being done with providers to understand costings.

In response to the Chair's query, it was confirmed that the Night Time Safety Charter named champion was Joanne Drew.

Officers also agreed to raise the importance of the area around Enfield Town Station being well-lit at night with colleagues in Street Lighting.

In response to Cllr Mahmut Aksanoglu's queries regarding an ISVA, officers had contacted neighbouring boroughs to find out if they had ISVAs and to explore working in partnership. Some MOPAC funding had been held for this, driven by the data. An ISVA would work to support victims navigating the criminal justice system.

7. SSCB PERFORMANCE MANAGEMENT - MONITORING UPDATE

RECEIVED the report of Andrea Clemons, Head of Community Safety.

Andrea Clemons introduced the report, which set out the performance against agreed priorities of the Safer and Stronger Communities Board. It was noted that the set format may change going forward as a data system had been developed by the Mayor's office and would soon provide what was needed for the performance reports. The key points in the report were highlighted. A rise in drugs offences and possession offences was also due to proactivity. There were comparisons provided for levels of crime in Enfield in respect of the difference the Covid-19 pandemic had made. The information on gun crime offences in Enfield on page 41 of the agenda pack should read 'increased by 1.4%' rather than decreased.

It was noted that burglary peaked at around Christmas time and awareness messages were being put out at the moment:

<https://twitter.com/i/status/1601486880423305216>

The increases in hate crimes were also noted, but that these were now levelling off.

In response to Members' queries, it was confirmed that visits by Police to every victim of burglary should be a priority going forward. Car theft and theft from cars was higher in Enfield than for London overall due to the bigger population and higher rates of driving due to the geography of the borough.

8. WORK PROGRAMME 2022/23

NOTED the Crime Scrutiny Panel work programme for the remainder of the municipal year.

9. DATES OF FUTURE MEETINGS

CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL - 7.12.2022

NOTED the date of the next meeting: Wednesday 1 March 2023.

The Chair wished all attendees a happy Christmas and New Year.

The meeting ended at 9.10 pm.

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London Borough of Enfield**Crime Scrutiny Panel - Wednesday 1 March 2023**

Subject: Community Law Enforcement Team**Cabinet Member: Cllr Gina Needs****Executive Director: Sarah Cary**

Purpose of Report

1. To inform the panel and discuss the introduction of a new team.

Relevance to the Council Plan

2. The creation of this new team will help to enhance a strong healthy community with new team of officers to help tackle crime and anti-social behaviour, working closely with the police. The work will support the priorities of the Safer and Stronger Communities Board (SSCB). This is a direct respond to the ASB, crime and local environment issues that matter most to residents. The visible presence of the team while tackling crime and ASB will offer reassurance to support and protect vulnerable residents. They will provide a level of safety within our parks and open spaces for residents to enjoy. Cleaner and safer streets will improve levels of resident satisfaction and will make our high streets more appealing.

Background

3. One of the Council's priority is to sustain safe, healthy and confident communities where people can be free of crime and the fear of crime. With the lack of a highly visible authoritative presents, be it the police or others there is a fear of crime.

The team will consist of 50 and will be introduced in three phases with 17 posts being filled in 2023/2024. The uniformed officers will be patrolling streets and housing estates in the borough. The team will be supporting the MPS and protecting residents from anti-social behaviour crime providing consistency and expertise to tackle persistent issues; particularly in known hotspots in the borough.

Intelligence gathered will be channelled to other services that the Enforcement Officers will work closely with, including the Enviro Crime Team (street scene issues), Highway Officers (damage to footways), Community Enforcement, Private Rented Sector Licensing team to pass on issues of poorly managed properties and Planning Enforcement to refer unauthorised developments and antisocial behaviour to the ASB team. Referrals processes established by the Safer Stronger Communities Board (SSCB) for resident's personal issues can be used to deal with drug abuse and hate crime for example.

Main Considerations for the Panel

4. To consider the positive impact that this team will have on the day to day life of residents and businesses and potential challenges.

Conclusions

5. All Ward based officers will work closely with the local dedicated Police officers to ensure our officers are a core part of the community safety infrastructure across the borough. In co-ordination with MPS the increase in high visibility patrols will reduce levels of drug dealing, robbery and violent offences. By sharing intelligence and conducting joint patrols where necessary our staff will provide daily re-assurance to residents that the Council is responding to the issues that concern them most.

Report Author: Martin Rattigan
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Date of report 20/2/2023

Appendices – Presentation on creation of the new team.

Crime Scrutiny Panel

1 March 2023

Enfield Community Law Enforcement Team

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www.enfield.gov.uk

Striving for excellence



Enfield Community Law Enforcement team



Vision for the Enfield service

- Provide a visible and reassuring presence during the day and in support of night time economies as the team grows
- Enhance the feeling of safety so that all residents enjoy living in the Borough with a flexible, intelligence driven resources deployed to hot spot areas
- Intervene early and upstream to prevent disorder, tensions and casework – ultimately crime
- Take on the spot enforcement activity where appropriate
- Identify physical solutions for ward-based safety enhancements and programmes e.g. public realm design of areas attracting ASB

Operating Model

- Officers to be ward based – high visibility profile, uniformed patrols
- Core working hours with tasking shifts as required to provide varied patterns of coverage
- An Intelligence and Deployment Manager (IDM) to identify hot spot priorities (schools, town centres, housing estates, parks) to deploy flexible resources to boost Ward based capacity as needed
- IDM will also manage complaints and enforcement casework including referrals to existing teams eg ASB, Flytipping, Social Services

Proposed Organisational structure



Full Annual Costs

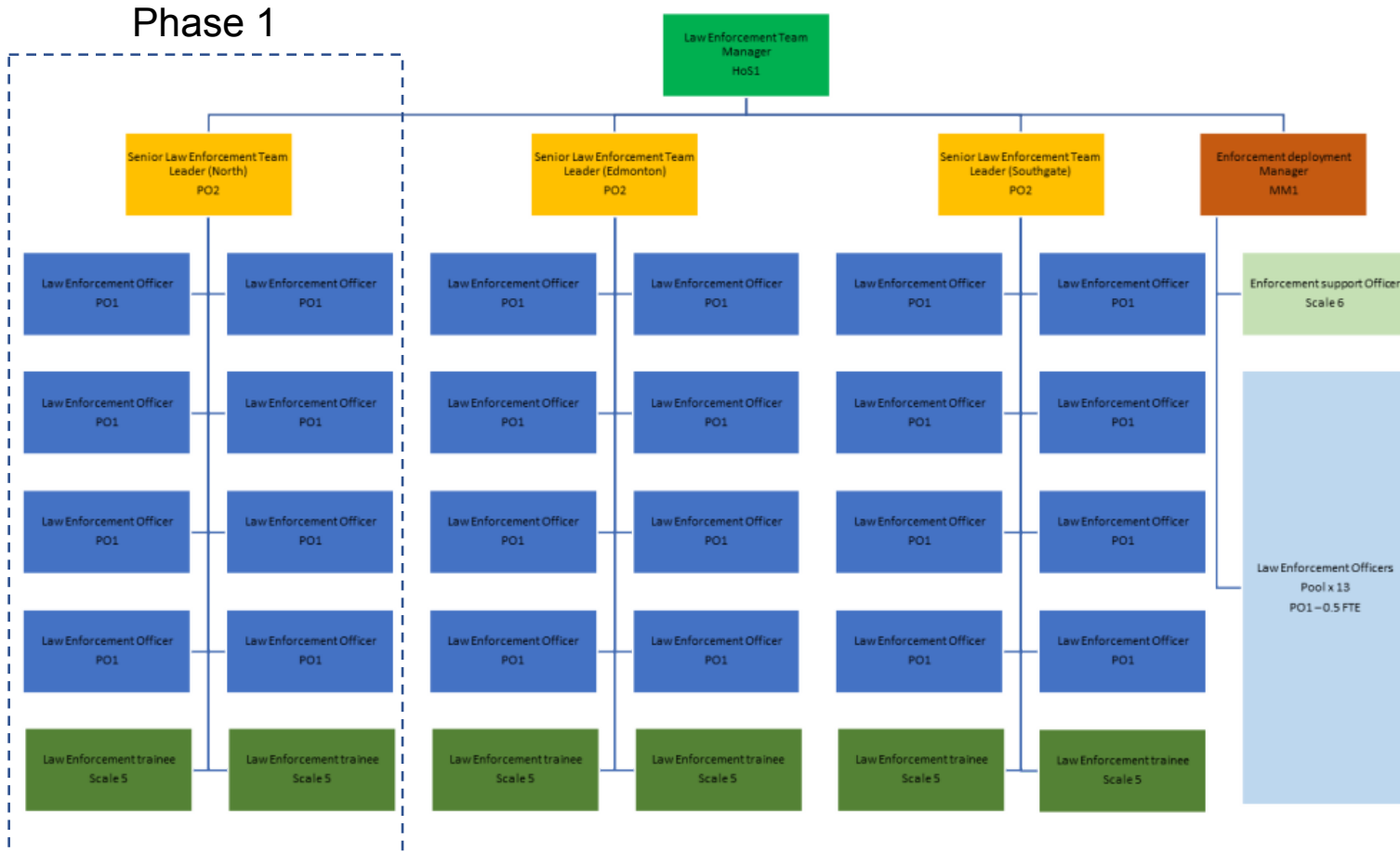
Year 1 allocation £600k

Year 2 allocation £1200K

Year 3 – Full Allocation £2.4M

Description	Annual Cost £m's
Employee Cost	2.185
Equipment	0.017
Vehicles	0.049
Other Operational cost	0.145
Total Cost	2.396

Proposed Setup structure



Phase 1

Job Role	
Law Enforcement Manager	1
Senior Law Enforcement Team Leader	1
Law Enforcement Officers	11
Trainees	2
Enforcement Deployment Manager	1
Enforcement Support Officer	1
	17.0

Powers, remit and interface with the police

Considerations to:

- Specific powers to enforce relevant legislation through a scheme of delegation, e.g Public Space Protection Orders
- Referrals to in-house core enforcement teams
- Community Safety Accreditation Scheme (CSAS), powers delegated by the Police Borough Commander
- Escalating and seeking advice on incidents on the street to the police

CSAS Training

- Complete training course
- Vetting – includes extended family
- Enhanced DBS and selection interview questions to precede vetting
- Can Issue FPN's for specific issues when CSAS vetting completed (see list)
- LA – authorisations when training completed.

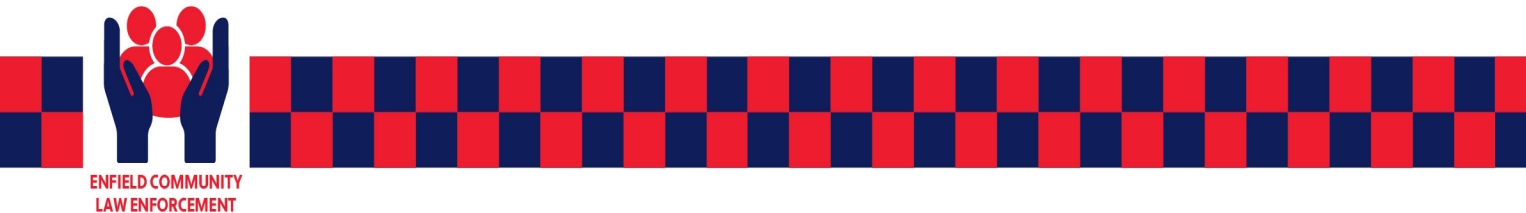
What Powers Can accredited officers have?

- Power to issue a FPN for graffiti and fly-posting
- Power to issue a FPN for littering
- Power to issue a FPN for cycling on the footpath
- Power to issue a FPN to exclude a person in a public place
- Power to issue a FPN for truancy
- Power to require giving of name and address for relevant offences
- Power to require persons under 18 to surrender alcohol
- Power to seize tobacco from a person under 16



What Powers Can accredited officers have ?

- Power to seize drugs
- Power to control traffic for purposes
- Power to deal with begging
- Power to stop cycles
- Power to stop vehicles for testing



What Powers Can accredited officers have ?

- Power to require giving of name and address for relevant offences
- Power to require name and address for anti-social behaviour
- Power to require persons under 18 to surrender alcohol
- Power to seize tobacco from a person under 16



Operational assumptions (1)

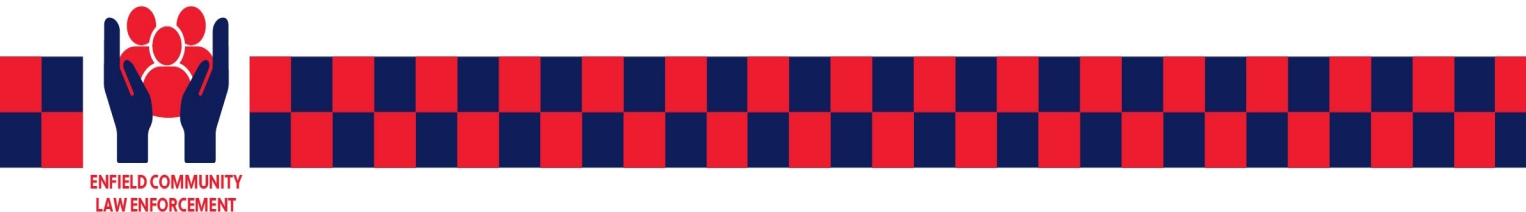
- Specific role and focus for each patch will be determined when the team is established based on intelligence
- Phased introduction of the team over next 3 years
- Initially focus on certain areas based on data/intelligence
- Operational hubs to be determined
- Interface with CCTV team – but not an observational role

Operational assumptions (2)

- Close working with the Neighbourhood Policing team which includes daily, weekly and monthly engagement:
 - Participation in the Tactical Tasking Co-ordination Group – monthly
 - Participation in the Partnership Problem Partnership Group-street data
- Data sharing arrangements to be agreed
- The service will require a dynamic, on the spot response in addition to the above and this needs to be designed

Related Council Services requiring engagement

- Litter and waste enforcement contract – already established high visible presence
- Enviro crime Officers
 - All enforcement -street scene issues dealt with by (FPN's, CPN's, prosecutions)
 - Waste Enforcement Officers – High profile, enforcement focused
- Anti-Social Behaviour team
- Council Housing First Response Officers



Outcome measurements: general

- **A safer Enfield**
 - Visible patrols (HRA estates, Parks, Town Centres)
 - Positive development of night time economy initiatives eg Enfield Town Night Time Enterprise Zone
 - Reduction in SSCB crime indicators through upstream interventions
 - Reduction in the number of victims
- **A clean and tidy borough**
 - Supporting and promoting campaigns
- **Resident satisfaction and confidence**
- **Increased satisfaction with reduction in crime**

Mobilisation plan – Indicative dates subject to funding agreement

- Cabinet approval – April 2023
- Recruit the management infrastructure – May 2023
- Stakeholder engagement - ongoing
- Prepare operating infrastructure – February 2023
- Recruit Law Enforcement Officers – June/July 2023



London Borough of Enfield**Crime Scrutiny Panel, 1st March 2023**

Subject: Streetlighting – the potential impact on crime

Cabinet Member: Cllr Jewell

Executive Director: Sarah Cary

Purpose of Report

1. The purpose of this briefing note is to provide a background of Enfield's street lighting, previous and existing strategies and our on-going day to day arrangements to address any concerns that may emanate from complaints or enquiries.

Relevance to the Council Plan

2. The Council Plan 2020-22 sets an ambition to create a lifetime of opportunities with specific focus on safe, healthy, and confident communities

Background

3. In 2006, Enfield Council entered into a Streetlighting PFI for a 25-year period, which requires the service provider, Enfield Lighting Services (ELS), to manage and maintain Enfield's street lights on behalf of the Council until 2031. ELS sub-contract the day to day activities to a specialist contractor – Bouygues Energies and Services. Highway Services has a small client team that manages the PFI contract.

During the first 5 years of the contract a significant investment was made by ELS resulting in the replacement of the majority of street lights. In all cases roads were designed to meet the required standards for street lighting of that time. This resulted in an 18% increase in the total number of street lights with residential and secondary roads benefitting the most in terms of an increase to the number of street lights within their roads.

Street lighting developments

Climate change along with the global energy crisis has led to rapid technological developments in street lighting. This meant that by 2015 LED street lights were becoming the best environmental and economic option for street lighting providers. LED street lights offered significant benefits in the control of light and reducing light pollution, use of energy and reduction of carbon, they also provided a whiter source of light which greatly improved the ability to detect objects and colours from a greater distance away aiding visibility for drivers and road users. The

environmental changes required combined with advances in technologies led to the production of updated British Standards for street lighting and how roads were classified. The New British Standard supported the need to standardise items to provide uniformity across the borough. This enabled the use of slightly more powerful lanterns that have been dimmed to suit the lighting design for the road. As a result, energy, carbon and light pollution is reduced.

Enfield's Street Lighting LED Upgrade Programme

In 2019 after successfully bidding for Salix funding by the way of a 5-year interest free loan, Enfield Council commenced with a program of work to replace all our older street lights with modern energy efficient LED items. As part of the programme all existing street light columns were retained with only the Lantern being changed.

Each road was redesigned using LED lanterns and in accordance to the latest British Standards for street lighting;
As an example, a large number of street lights used the older 100w SON lights (Orange lamps), the new design standards meant that they could be replaced with a 40w LED light. The designs provide a set output for each light that remains unchanged with no modifications such as Trimming or Dimming throughout each night since their installation.

The scope of the LED upgrade programme was to provide a far more environmentally sensitive network of street lighting that fulfilled the current British Standards for lighting levels appropriate for street type category whilst significantly reducing the use and cost of energy and the associated production of carbon.

One of the benefits in using LED street lights is the greater control and direction of light, they focus almost all the light downwards whereas the older street lights emitted light sideways, backwards and upwards which are the main causes of light pollution and skyglow. Unfortunately, to some road users the road may appear darker as things such as the fronts of houses and gardens areas and the sky above are no longer lit, leading to complaints of the road being darker than before. Every report of poor or inadequate lighting is investigated by the specialist engineers from the street lighting contractors taking photometric readings to ensure the road is lit to the selected standard. In almost all cases the lighting is found to be as prescribed in the British Standards. In a few cases, it has been found that tree branches and shrubs have affected the lighting of the road. In these cases, arrangements are made to have the offending vegetation cut back.

Crime & Scrutiny Meeting 21st September 2021

Following the receipt of a small number of complaints coming from a specific area within Enfield this became an agenda item for the Crime & Scrutiny Panel meeting held 21st September 2021. From this meeting council officers were instructed to increase the output of all street lights located on residential roads, secondary roads and footpaths with Bowes

and Upper Edmonton Ward. This increase to maximum output was carried out in October 2021 and has remained the same since this date. The street lighting client team receive less than 1 complaint regarding poor lighting each month with the majority relating to areas where lighting has failed. We do understand that assessing risk, fear and feeling safe for residents and end users can be subjective with significant variances often dependant on lifestyles and outlooks. There are also other factors and environmental concerns that effect how individuals feel about the provision, standard and quality of lighting provided which need to be considered and balanced. Those with concerns regarding community safety generate requests for more or improved lighting, whereas concerns for Climate Change, energy consumption and light pollution leads to requests for less or reduced lighting. To best meet the wide-ranging needs of a diverse customer base, lighting is delivered as determined via the current relevant British Standards for the classification of road, footpath or open space.

Main Considerations for the Panel

4. Current Position

It is also understood that some residents compare Enfield's street lighting to that of our neighbouring London Borough, Haringey. Unfortunately, we have been unable to obtain street lighting records from neighbouring boroughs, but our observations have determined that Enfield's street lighting strategies and stock are somewhat advanced to many others. The proactive approach taken by Enfield in ensuring the controlled management of street lighting, its energy use and cost along with its environmental efficiency has put Enfield ahead of the curve and better prepared to manage the continued energy price increases being faced across the globe.

Council officers continue to promptly assess all reported cases where street lighting is deemed a contributory factor to a heightened feeling of fear. Advice and guidance will continue to be sort from other departments such as Community Safety to ensure any areas of attention is quickly addressed. The lighting will be assessed by way of photometric readings to ensure that lighting levels are as required by the British Standards. However, given our understanding of the subjective perceptions of lighting we understand that for some it will be too bright and for others it will not be bright enough but from a technical perspective the lighting levels are in line with the best practice and guidance of the industry British Standards.

Enfield Crime Data January 2021 – December 2022 Summary

- The following data was sourced from the Metropolitan Police Service dashboard. It highlights total notifiable offences from January 2021 to December 2022.

- This analysis is being used to answer questions relating to what influence does street lighting have on crime levels in Enfield and has included offences most susceptible to impact from changed lighting and excluded others (for example fraud/ forgery have been removed).
- It is not possible to use the data to reflect the extent to which lighting impacts on perceptions or concerns about crime.
- The figures do not show an obvious link between peaks in crime and seasonal natural lighting changes.
- Crime data available to partnerships is not currently segmented into the time of day to determine if offences occur during the hours of darkness
- Enfield saw a 4.1% increase in overall crime in 2022, compared with 2021.
- In London this increase was 9.1% for the same period and using the same crime categories.
- In most crime categories there is very little difference in the top five Wards in the years compared
- In 2021 offences were most likely to occur in November and June. Crime was at it's lowest in January and February.
- In 2022 March and June saw the highest volume of crime across the borough. December 2022 saw the lowest volume of offences.
- Residential Burglary offences were highest in the Winter months with January, February and December recording the highest totals, this is often linked with the Christmas festivities based on past data analysis and established crime information.
- Personal Robberies saw more offences in May 2022 than any other month throughout the year.

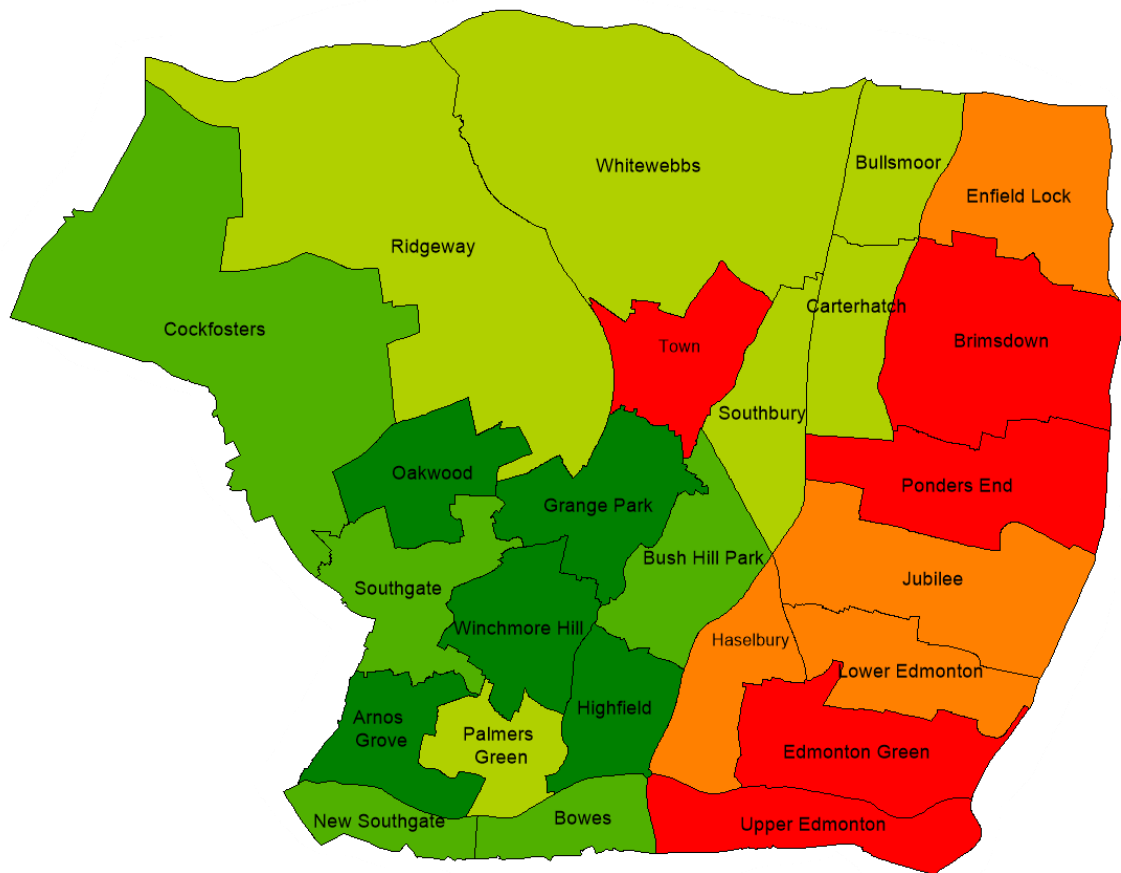
Report Author: Eddie Henry
Street Lighting PFI Client Manager
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020 81321449

Date of report 20/2/2023

Appendices

Appendix A Total Notifiable Offences (excluding fraud and forgery)
Appendix B Trend data of levels of crime

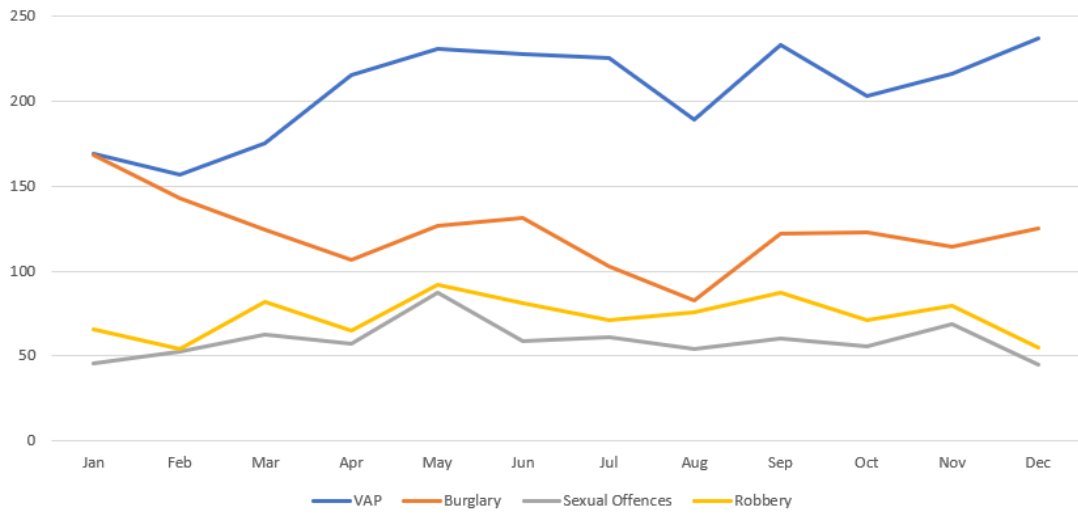
Appendix A
Total Notifiable Offences (excluding fraud and forgery)



- The map above shows offences in Enfield throughout 2022.

Appendix B

Trend data below shows seasonal levels of crime over the calendar year 2022



London Borough of Enfield**Crime Scrutiny 1st March 2023**

Subject: SSCB Performance**Cabinet Member: Cllr Gina Needs**
Executive Director: Tony Theodoulou

Purpose of Report

1. To provide an update on performance monitored by the Safer and Stronger Communities Board reflecting agreed priorities

Relevance to the Council Plan

2. Strong, healthy and safe communities.

Background

3. Performance against agreed priorities of the Safer and Stronger Communities Board is provided as a regular item to the Crime Scrutiny Panel.

Main Considerations for the Panel

4. *For noting and discussion*

Conclusions

5. Total Notifiable Offences in Enfield decreased by 5.3% in the year ending January 2023.

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andrea.clemons@enfield.gov.uk

Date of report 1st March 2023

Appendices**Crime performance report****Background Papers**

None

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Enfield Crime Scrutiny Panel Performance Report

Cabinet Member: Cllr Gina Needs
Executive Director: Tony Theodoulou

Purpose of Report

1. For information and comment

Relevance to the Council Plan

2. To note performance against Enfield's Safer Stronger Communities Board priorities up to 31st January 2023

Background

The information below provides an update on performance against the priorities agreed by the Safer and Stronger Communities Board (SSCB) within its current Partnership Plan 2020-2025. These priorities are:

- Tackling violent crime in all its forms
- Keeping young people safe and reducing their risks from crime
- Reducing burglary and keeping people safe at home
- Promoting cohesion and tackling hate crime
- Dealing with anti-social behaviour
- Drugs (driver for violent crime)
- Tackling Vehicle Crime and
- Domestic Abuse

Report Author: Andrea Clemons & Ashley Webb
Head of Community Safety Unit
Andrea.Clemons@enfield.gov.uk

Summary

Total Notifiable Offences* in Enfield decreased by 5.3% in the year ending January 2023. In London, there was also a decrease of 8.9% in the same period.

Robbery offences in Enfield have increased by 14.8% in the 12 months ending January 2023, whilst Non Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury Offences have also increased by 6.6%.

Drug Offences in Enfield including Possession of Drugs has increased, with Possession Offences increasing by 14.1% and Drug Offences by 30%. London has experienced a decrease of 16.3% in Drug Possession Offences.

Sexual Offences and Rape Offences have both decreased in Enfield over the past 12 months up until the end of January 2023. Offences across London have both increased.

Theft From a Motor Vehicle in Enfield has reduced by 11.5%. In the same period the capital has experienced an increase of 3.4% in offences.

Knife Crime offences in Enfield reduced by 3.7%, whereas London saw a 12.9% increase.

Knife crime with injury offences reduced by 4.9%. London recorded an 8% increase.

** Due to changes in accessing data some crime categories have not been included.*

The overall performance of Enfield's SSCB priorities compared to London in the year to end of January 2023

Crime Category KPI's	Enfield			London		
	Feb 2021 - Jan 2022	Feb 2022 - Jan 2023	Enfield % Change	Feb 2021 - Jan 2022	Feb 2022 - Jan 2023	London % Change
Violence Against the Person Offences	9235	9319	0.9%	237463	241303	1.6%
Non-Domestic Abuse VWI Offences	2709	2889	6.6%	73614	77595	5.4%
Knife Crime Offences	592	570	-3.7%	11301	12754	12.9%
Knife Crime with Injury Offences	142	135	-4.9%	3326	3591	8.0%
Robbery of Personal Property Offences	837	961	14.8%	21536	25566	18.7%
ASB	11043	8555	-22.5%	320649	220474	-31.2%
Gun Crime Offences	59	79	33.9%	1348	1470	9.1%
Knife Crime With Injury Non DA Victims under 24	61	47	-23.0%	1256	1284	2.2%
Residential Burglary Offences	1652	1459	-11.7%	40858	37612	-7.9%
Hate Crime Offences	727	693	-4.7%	26559	24712	-7.0%
Drug Offences	1204	1565	30.0%	47267	43407	-8.2%
Drug Possession Offences	1000	1141	14.1%	42127	35253	-16.3%
Theft from a Motor Vehicle	3333	2951	-11.5%	62608	64749	3.4%
Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle	1730	1795	3.8%	27824	32511	16.8%
Domestic Abuse Incidents	3998	3984	-0.4%	96219	95779	-0.5%
Domestic Abuse VWI Offences	849	956	12.6%	22857	22832	-0.1%
Sexual Offences	857	807	-5.8%	24425	25209	3.2%
Rape Offences	339	321	-5.3%	9111	9228	1.3%
TNO	40367	38227	-5.3%	1070348	975329	-8.9%

Priority 1: Tackling violent crime in all its forms

Violence Against the Person Offences and Non-Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury Offences



Violence Against the Person Offences

In the year ending January 2023 there were a total of **9,319 Violence Against the Person offences** (VAP) recorded in Enfield, compared with 9,235 offences the previous year. This equates to an **increase of 0.6% or a difference of 84 more offences**.

December 2022 saw the lowest volume of VAP offences since February 2021 in Enfield. Levels have remained consistently lower in the last five months compared with offences in 2021/22.

London saw a higher **increase of 1.6%** in the same period, rising from **237,463** offences in the year to January 2022 to **241,303** by January 2023.

These increases are also reflected in the monthly data, when comparing December 2022 to January 2023 **Enfield's VAP offences have increased by 12.2%, whilst London has increased by 5.1%.**

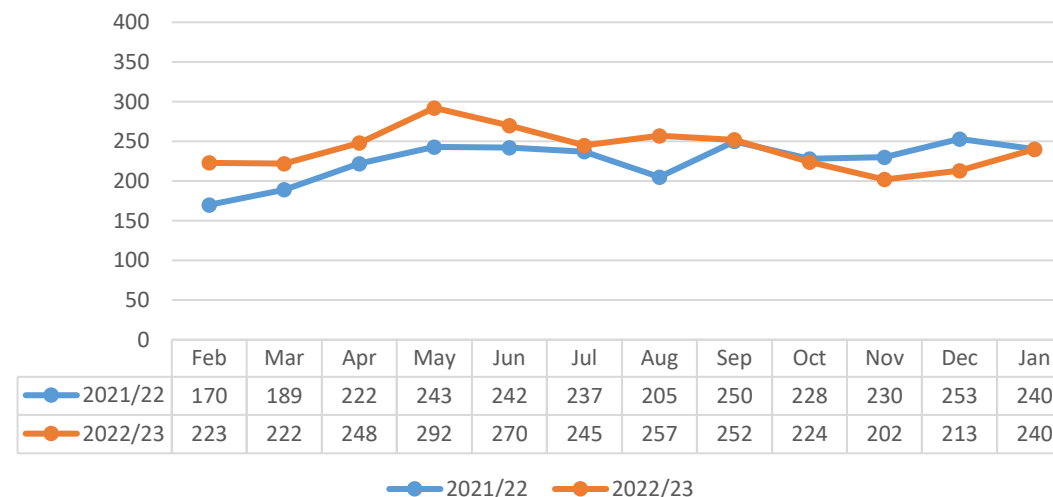
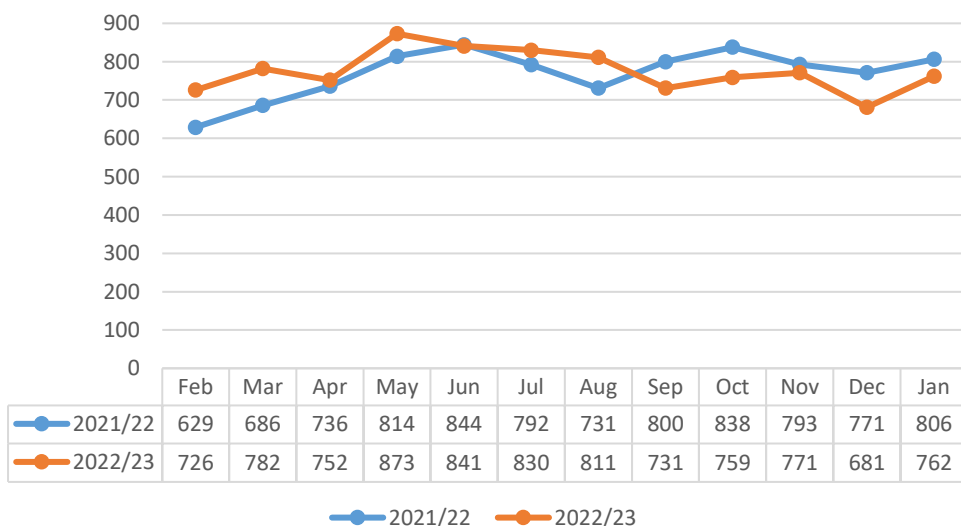
Non-Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury Offences

In the year ending January 2023 there were **2,889 Non-Domestic Abuse Violence with Injury offences** recorded, compared with **2,709 the previous year**, equating to a **6.6% rise in Enfield**.

Enfield has been consistently moving upwards over the last three months, and is at the same level as last year January 2022.

In London, there was an **increase of 5.4%**, rising from **73,614 to 77,595 at the end of January 2023**.

Much like VAP offences **Enfield experienced a 11.6% increase compared to December 2022, whilst the capital has seen a 0.4% increase in January 2023 compared to December 2022.**



1. Violence Against the Person Offences (VAP) includes Minor Categories of Assault with Injury, Common Assault, Harassment, Murder (Homicide), Offensive Weapon, Other Violence and Wounding/GBH. All VAP offences include domestic and non-domestic related assaults.

Priority 1: Tackling violent crime in all its forms



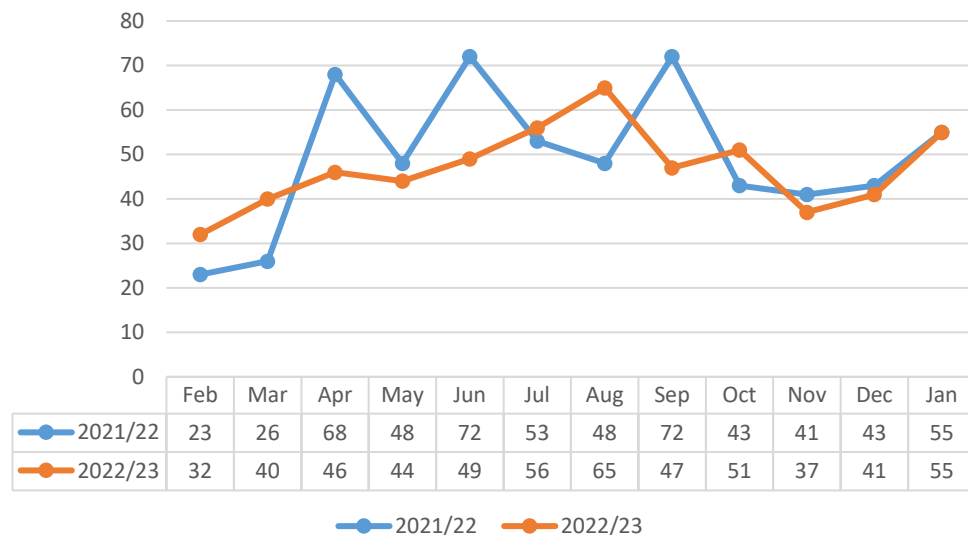
Knife Crime Offences and Knife Crime with Injury Offences

Knife Crime Offences²

In the year ending January 2023, **Knife Crime in Enfield had reduced by 3.7%**, compared with the previous year. Numbers reduced by 22 from 592 to 570 offences by the end of January 2023.

Offences in Enfield over the last three months have followed a very similar pattern from what was seen in 2021/22. The volume of offences has stayed within the same range for two months, after which there has been a noticeable increase in January.

London experienced a 12.9% increase in the same period, and compared to last month (December 2022) **offences have increased by 11.2%**.

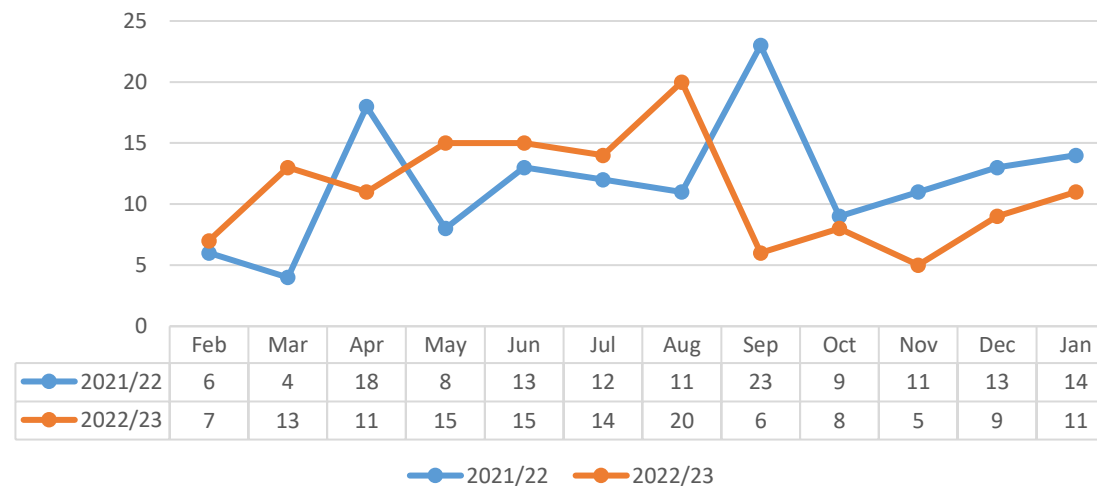


Knife Crime with Injury Offences

In the year ending January 2023, **Knife Crime with Injury offences saw a 4.9% decrease, with 135 recorded offences. Between September 2022 and January 2023 the volume of offending has been lower than the previous year.**

Despite the overall decrease, Enfield is seeing a gradual increase in offences. The highest monthly total in 2022/23 was in August with 20 offences. The borough of Lambeth saw the highest monthly total across London with 30 offences in October 2022.

London experienced an **increase of 8.0%** in the same period. On average across the capital **there were 299 monthly offences**. London has seen a **16.1% increase in recorded offences in January 2023 compared to December 2022**.



² Knife crime is defined in as an offence of homicide, attempted murder, assault with intent to cause harm, assault with injury, threats to kill, sexual offences (including rape) and robbery or where a knife or sharp instrument has been used to injure, used as a threat, or the victim was convinced a knife was present during the offence.

Priority 1: Tackling violent crime in all its forms



Robbery of Personal Property and Gun Crime

Robbery of Personal Property

There was a **14.8% increase of Personal Robberies in the year ending January 2023**, when 961 offences were recorded, compared with 837 the previous year. **Enfield has seen a 36.8% increase when comparing December 2022 to January 2023.**

In December 2022 recorded Robbery offences fell below last years total, with 58 offences in December 2022 compared with 69 in December 2021. The lowest figure previously in 2022/23 was in April 2022, with 72 offences.

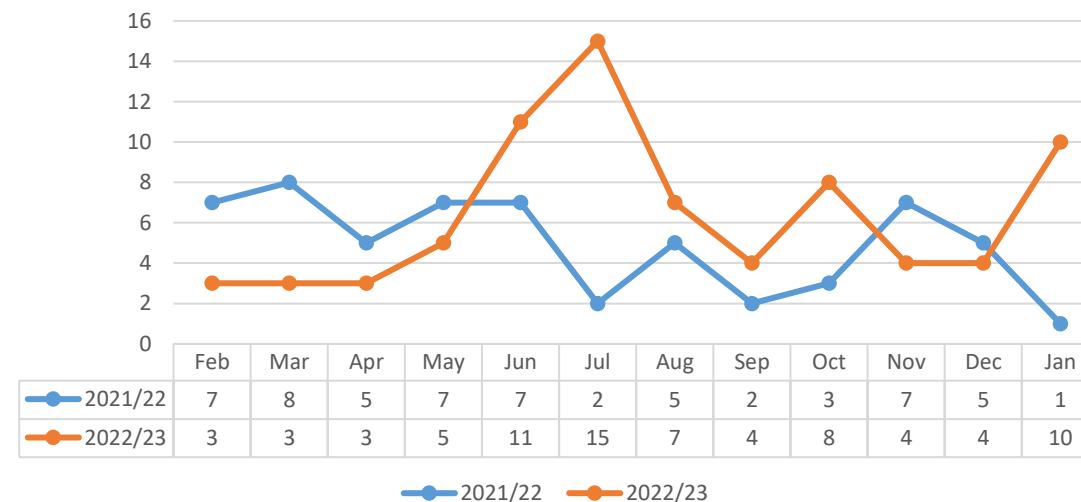
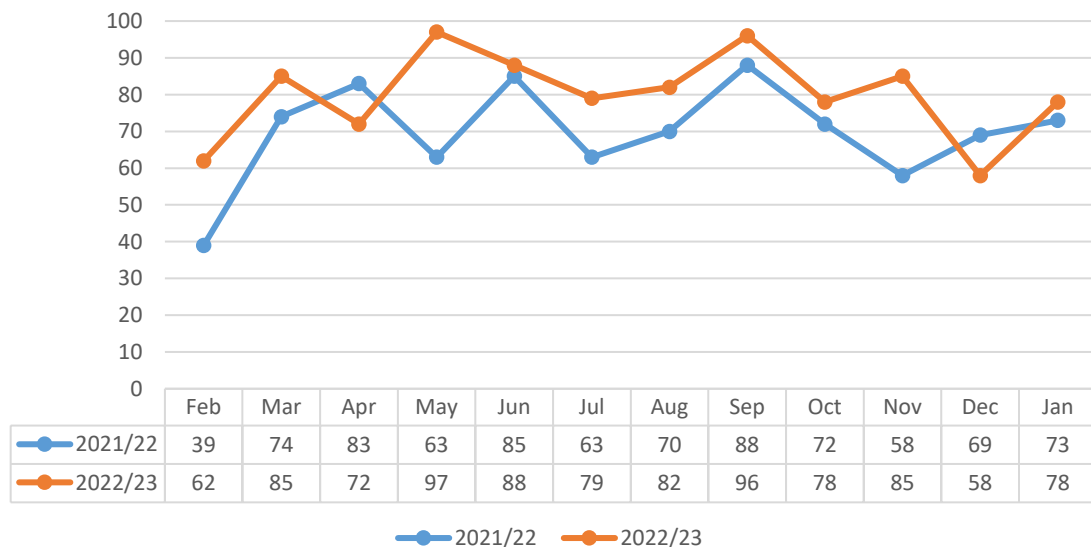
In London, the number of **Robbery offences increased by 18.7%** in the same period, from 21,536 to 25,566. **London has recorded a 12.1% increase in Personal Robberies when comparing December 2022 to January 2023.**

Gun Crime ³

Gun crime offences in **Enfield increased by 33.9%**, recording 79 offences in the year to January 2023, compared with 59 the previous year, or **20 more offences.**

Gun crime offences increased quite dramatically in June and July 2022 with eleven and fifteen offences respectively. Enfield has seen six more Gun crime offences in January 2023 compared to December 2022.

London also experienced **an increase of 9.1%** in the same period. In the capital, there were 1,348 offences in 2021/22 and 1,470 in 2022/23.



³ Gun Crime is defined as an offence where a Firearm has been fired, any Firearm has been used as a blunt instrument to cause injury to a person, a Firearm has been intimidated and the victim was convinced a weapon was present or a Firearm has been used as a threat.

[1] Serious Youth Violence is defined as 'any offence of most serious violence or weapon enabled crime, where the victim is aged 1-19' i.e. murder, manslaughter, robbery, rape, wounding with intent and causing grievous bodily harm.

Due to changes in crime categories and availability of data, it has not been possible to gather the data for this category.

MOPAC are currently replacing the Serious Youth Violence crime category. It will be replaced by the new crime category Teen Violence.

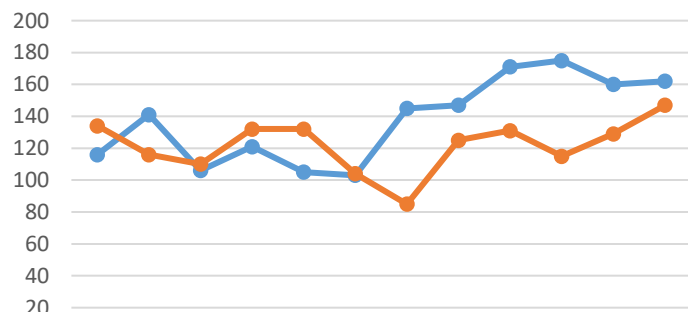
There were **1,459 Residential Burglaries in Enfield in the year ending January 2023**, compared with 1,652 in the previous year, a **decrease of 11.7%**.

In London, there was a **reduction of 7.9%** in the same period, from 40,858 in 2021/22 to 37,612 in 2022/23.

Over the past 5 months Enfield has seen consistently lower numbers than those from the year ending December 2021.

Despite the overall decrease **Enfield has seen a 14.8% increase compared to December 2022 with 19 more Residential Burglaries**. London has seen a 6.6% increase.

	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Total
Brimsdown	9	11	5	14	7	2	8	11	7	8	14	14	110
Upper Edmonton	15	4	7	11	12	11	6	9	8	5	6	3	97
Haselbury	13	4	6	8	4	4	5	8	8	5	4	9	78
Enfield Lock	4	8	5	8	4	8	4	3	8	9	10	6	77
Whitewebbs	6	5	12	2	6	4	4	8	9	4	10	7	77
Ponders End	6	7	4	8	8	7	5	7	4	1	6	10	73
Jubilee	4	7	7	5	4	4	6	5	7	10	2	6	67
Lower Edmonton	3	6	4	5	7	6	3	6	5	8	5	8	66
Bullsmoor	8	7	5	4	9	4	1	7	6	5	5	4	65
Town	9	8	5	6	9	3	3	6	4	2	2	2	59
Bush Hill Park	3	2	6	3	12	4	2	7	4	7	1	7	58
Edmonton Green	2	4	5	2	7	5	6	10	4	5	2	5	57
Ridgeway	10	2	4	6	4	7	1	1	7	4	5	3	54
Southbury	3	5	6	6	4	2	4	3	4	6	5	6	54
Carterhatch	4	4	4	5	5	6	6	2	4	0	6	7	53
Palmers Green	4	5	3	4	5	3	1	5	6	4	4	7	51
Southgate	7	4	2	3	5	2	0	4	1	6	9	3	46
Cockfosters	4	2	2	5	2	2	5	1	6	7	5	4	45
Highfield	5	4	1	3	3	5	0	2	4	5	5	7	44
New Southgate	3	6	1	3	4	1	5	2	2	3	2	5	37
Grange Park	3	2	4	8	3	4	1	4	2	0	3	2	36
Arnos Grove	1	2	0	1	3	2	5	4	7	2	4	4	35
Winchmore Hill	3	1	3	2	1	3	0	4	3	4	6	2	32
Bowes	2	4	4	4	0	3	0	2	0	2	2	4	27
Oakwood	1	0	2	1	3	1	2	1	3	2	1	5	22



	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan
2021/22	116	141	106	121	105	103	145	147	171	175	160	162
2022/23	134	116	110	132	132	104	85	125	131	115	129	147

● 2021/22 ● 2022/23

The top 5 wards in 2022 were: Brimsdown, Upper Edmonton, Haselbury, Enfield Lock, and Whitewebbs and Ponders End with the same total.

Upper Edmonton recorded the highest monthly total in this period with 15 offences, whilst Brimsdown has recorded 14 offences on three separate occasions.

Hate Crime Category	Enfield		Diff	London		Diff
	Feb 2021 - Jan 2022	Feb 2022 - Jan 2023		Feb 2021 - Jan 2022	Feb 2022 - Jan 2023	
Racist and Religious Hate Crime	650	616	-34	22755	20980	-1775
Homophobic Hate Crime	77	74	-3	3670	3551	-119
Disability Hate Crime	8	13	5	616	620	4
Transgender Hate Crime	10	9	-1	399	405	6

Hate Crime offences **decreased by 4.7% in the year ending January 2023** recording 693 offences, compared with 727 the previous year. i.e. **34 less offences were recorded in Enfield. London saw a 7% decrease overall.**

The highest number of offences in the last 2 years was recorded in June 2022, with 82 offences were recorded in that month alone

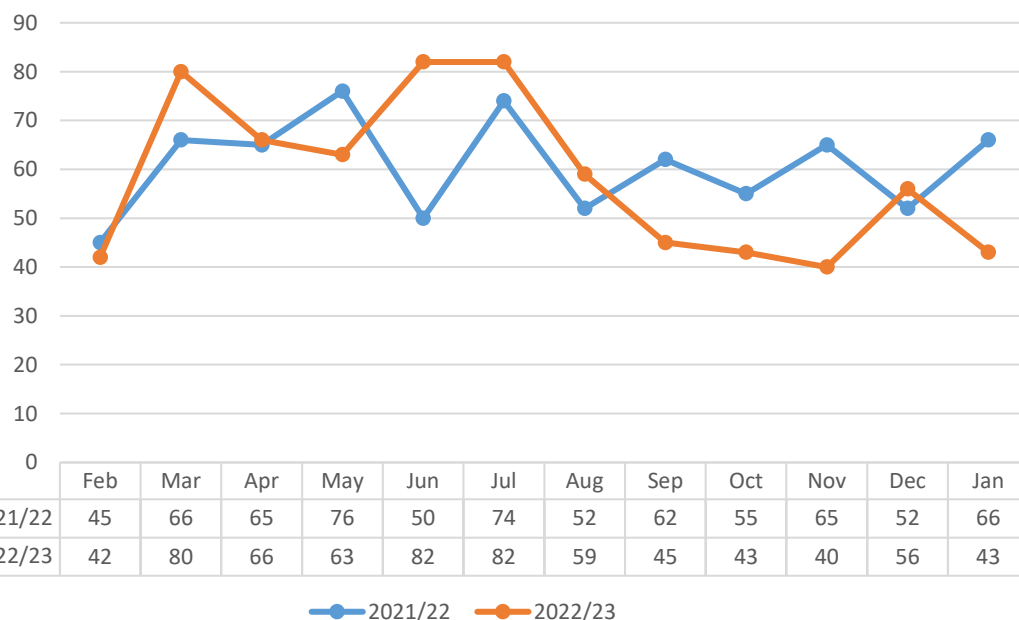
Racist and religious hate crime formed the majority of such crime reported in the borough, followed by homophobic crime. Both **Enfield and London saw a reduction in Racist and Religious Hate Crime.**

Homophobic Hate Crime offences decreased in Enfield with three less offences, and there were 119 less offences recorded across London.

Disability Hate Crime saw an increase in both Enfield and London with five and four more offences respectively.

Transgender Hate Crime offences decreased in Enfield by one offence and saw six more offences in London.

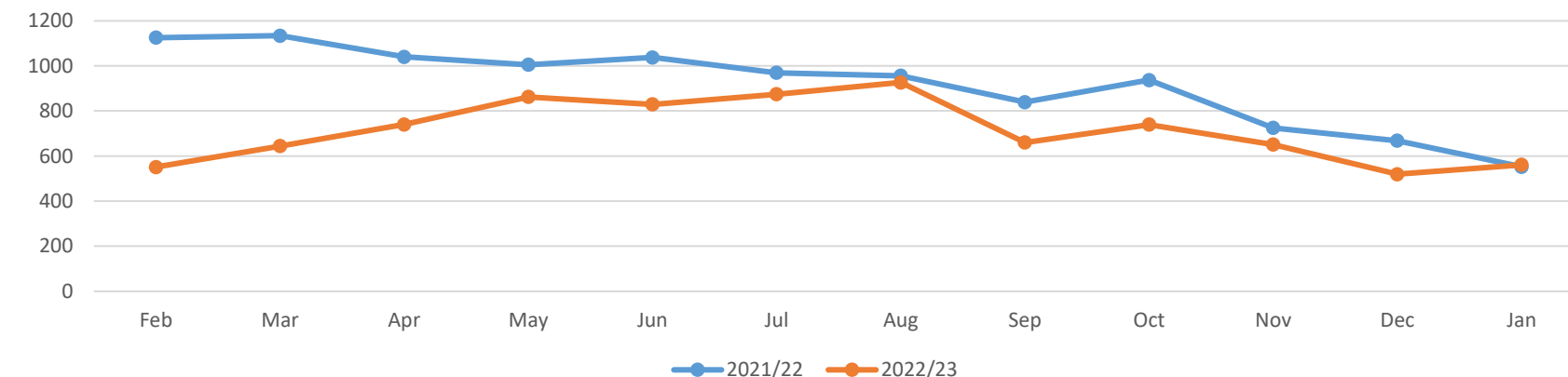
Between July 2022 and November 2022 the number of Hate crime offences across Enfield continuously decreased, with a slight increase in December 2022. The current volume of offences in January 2023 is similar to the levels seen last year.



Priority 5: Dealing with Anti-Social Behaviour



Police Recorded ASB Calls in Enfield													
Enfield ASB Call Categories	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	Jun-22	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Total
Rowdy Or Inconsiderate Behaviour	274	284	361	445	429	444	451	347	355	306	269	294	4259
Rowdy / Nuisance Neighbours	92	119	106	123	137	134	132	101	85	96	77	81	1283
Veh Nuisance / Inappropriate Use	66	82	108	89	91	103	97	63	65	80	49	54	947
Not Mapped	50	72	66	89	70	69	97	68	62	47	43	40	773
Noise	26	25	45	41	50	56	77	34	30	24	24	17	449
Begging / Vagrancy	14	18	19	16	13	18	21	12	19	24	11	17	202
Veh Abandoned - Not stolen	7	19	9	23	7	16	13	13	11	21	8	17	164
Trespass	8	13	13	20	12	15	15	12	24	7	10	15	164
Fireworks		1	1	1	2	1	1	2	67	25	8	11	120
Littering / Drugs Paraphernalia	7	6	7	3	7	4	1	1	10	5	9	8	68
Prostitution Related Activity	3	4		4	4	7	14	3	3	8	2		52
Animal Problems	3	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	6	5	5	4	36
ASB Environmental	1			2	1	4	2			1	1		12
ASB Personal			1	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	15
ASB Nuisance				2	1		1		1		2	1	7
Street Drinking			1	1	1		1						4
Total	551	644	740	862	829	874	926	660	739	651	519	561	8555



There has now been a 22.5% decrease in the number of Anti-Social Behaviour calls recorded in the borough in the year to January 2023 when compared to the last year when there was 11,048 calls. London also saw a 31.2% reduction in ASB calls.

Since October 2022 ASB calls have continued to decrease. Compared to November 2022, Enfield has seen a 20% reduction in December 2022.

According to a recent report conducted by MOPAC, 39% of Enfield residents are worried about ASB. The highest concerned boroughs are Tower Hamlets (54%) and Newham (52%).

The same report highlighted that Londoners are most concerned with People Using/Dealing Drugs (71%) and Antisocial driving (59%) and Antisocial bikes (58%).

In Enfield the highest proportion of anti-social behaviour calls to Police were for Rowdy Or Inconsiderate Behaviour along with Rowdy/Nuisance Neighbour issues.

Priority 6: Drugs (Driver for violent crime)



Drug Offences and Drug Possession Offences

Drug Offences

There was an **increase of 30% in the year ending January 2023** in the borough, when 1,565 offences were recorded, compared to 1,204 in the previous year i.e. **361 more Drug Offences**.

Following a spike of recorded drug offences in March 2022, the number of offences declined in April but again continued to rise in May and June. The highest number of offences in 2022 was recorded in March (n=211) in contrast to 128 offences in March 2021.

In London, the numbers of offences **decreased by 8.2%** in the same period with numbers declining from 47,267 to 43,407. Compared to December 2022 **Drug Offences have increased by 37% in Enfield, whilst there was a 26.8% increase across London.**

Drug Possession Offences

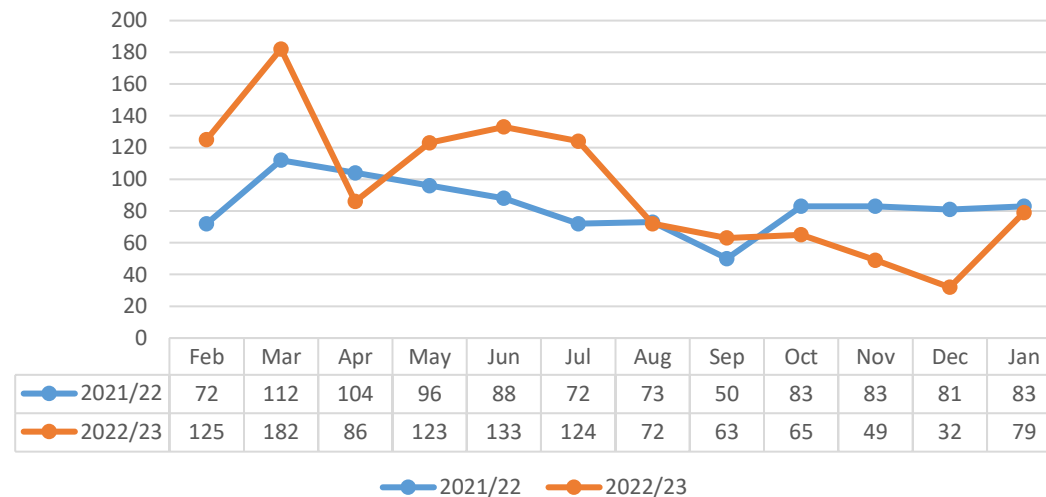
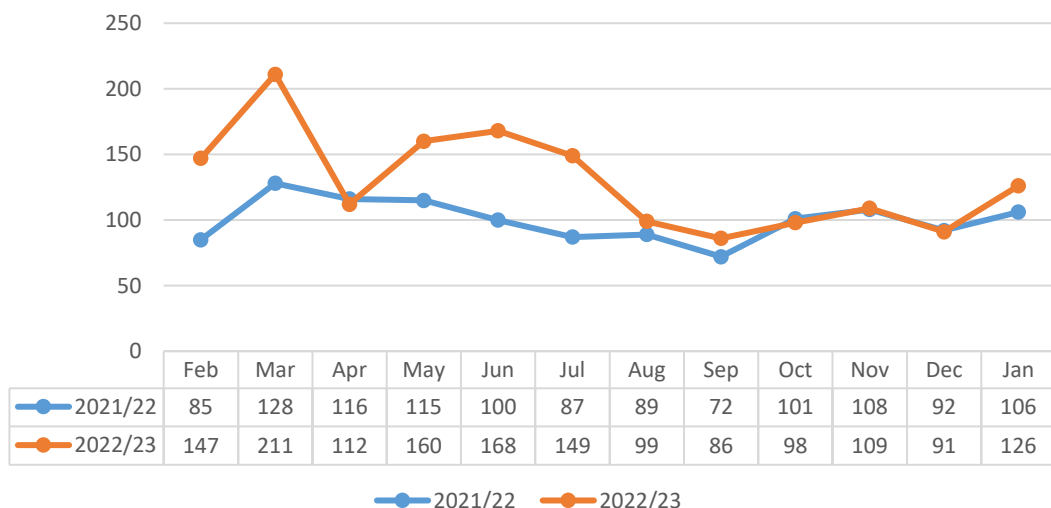
Drug Possession offences in **Enfield increased by 14.1%**, recording 1,141 offences in the year to January 2023, compared with 1000 the previous year.

Drug Possession offences follow a similar trend to number of recorded Drug Offences in both Enfield and London.

March 2022 recorded the highest number of offences (n=182), compared to 112 in March 2021, or 70 more offences in this month alone.

London experienced a **reduction of 16.3%**. In the capital, there were 42,127 offences in 2021/22 compared to 35,253 in year ending January 2023.

Compared to the previous month **Drug Possession offences across the capital have decreased by 33%. Enfield has recorded 47 more offences in January 2023 compared with the previous month.**



Priority 7: Tackling Vehicle Crime

Theft From a Motor Vehicle and Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle



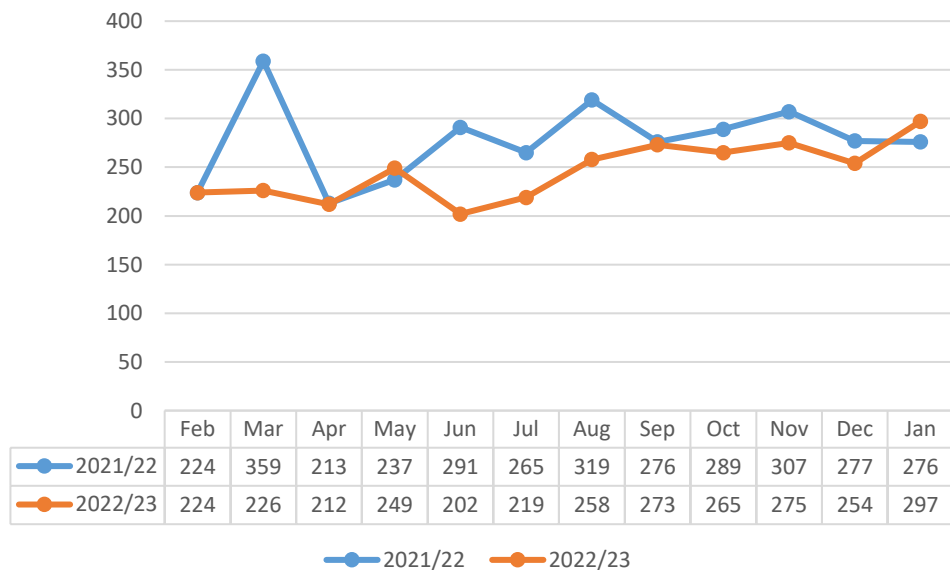
Theft From a Motor Vehicle

By the end of January 2023, there was a **decrease of 11.5%**, recording 2,951 offences, compared with 3,333 offences in the year to January 2022, or a **difference of 382 less offences**.

In London, there were 64,749 offences recorded by the end of January 2023. This is a **3.4% increase from the total volume seen at the end of January 2022** where there was 62,608 offences.

Offences have now gone above the monthly total compared to January 2022. When comparing December 2022 to January 2023 there is an **increase of 17.9% in Enfield**.

In London there was a 13.5% increase in offences compared to December 2022.

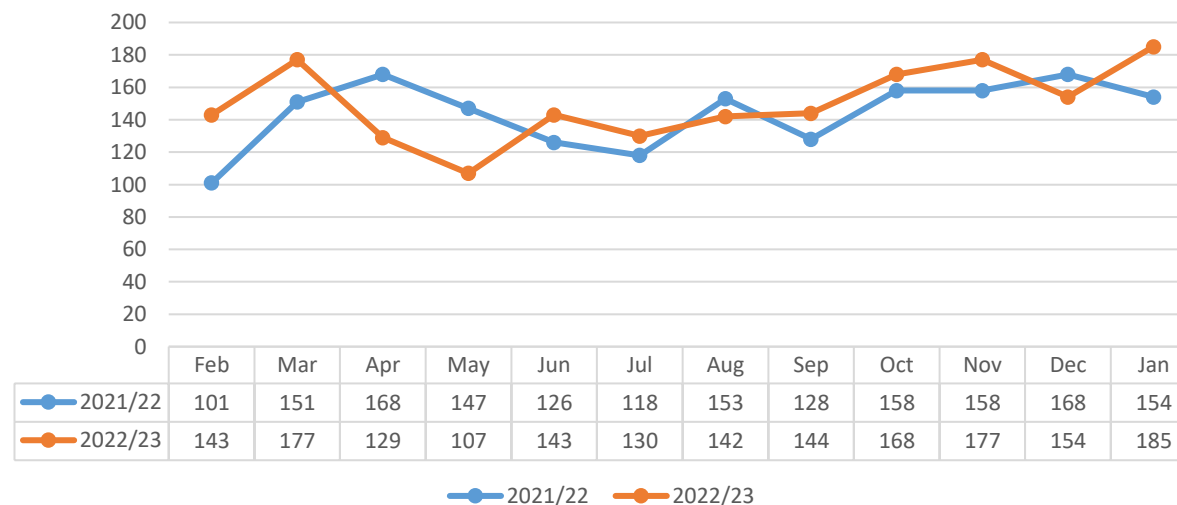


Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle

Theft or Taking of a Motor Vehicle has **increased by 3.8% in the year ending January 2023**, with 1,795 offences recorded. The previous year ending January 2022 saw 1,730 offences recorded. This equates to 65 more offences in the borough in the past 12 months when compared to the same period last year.

When comparing the monthly volume of offences, **Enfield has seen a increase of 20.1%** when compared to December 2022. In London there was an **increase of 10.3% in TOMV offences compared to December 2022**.

In London, there were 32,511 car thefts in 2022/23 compared to 27,824 in 2021/22, an **increase of 16.8%**.

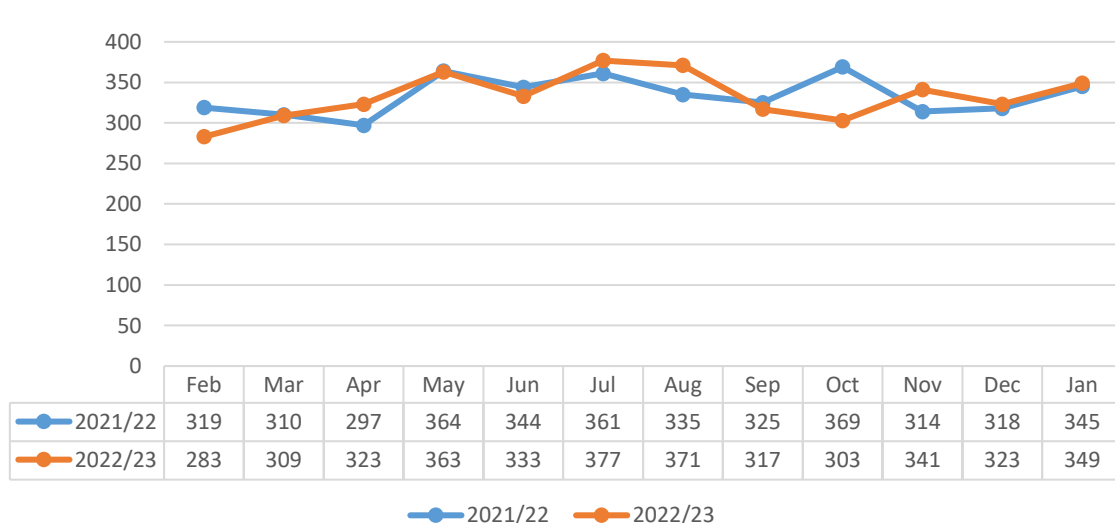


Domestic Abuse Incidents

In the year ending January 2023 there were 3,984 Domestic Abuse Incidents in Enfield, compared to 3,998 the previous year, a **0.4% decrease**.

Despite the decrease in Enfield, incidents have increased by 9.1% in January 2023 when compared to December 2022. In London there has been a slight increase of 2.2% when comparing December 2022 and January 2023.

In London there was a decrease of 0.5% over the same period. In the capital, there were 95,779 incidents recorded in year ending January 2023, compared to 96,219 in the previous year.

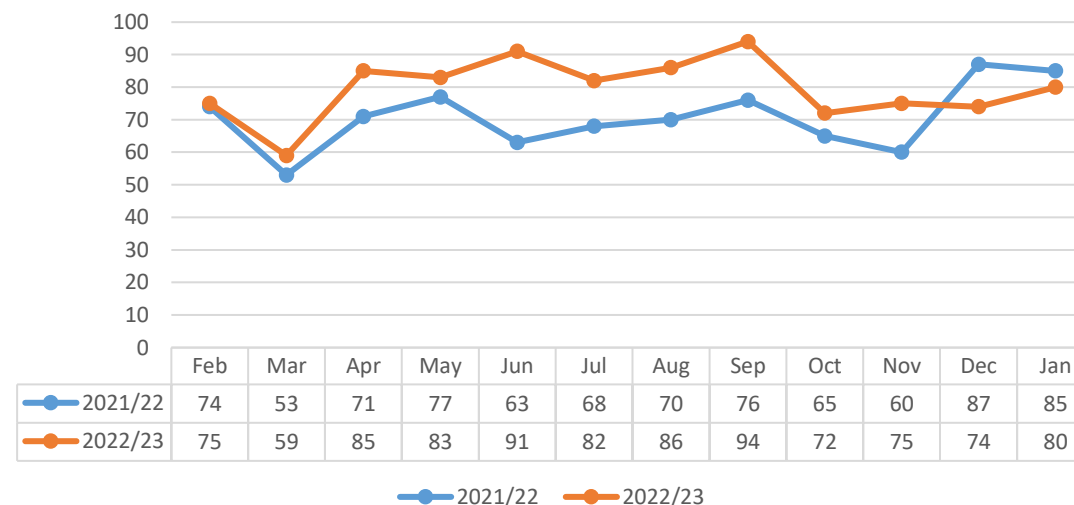


Domestic Abuse VWI Offences

In Enfield by the end of January 2023, **there was a 12.6% increase in this offence type**. Enfield saw 956 offences up until January 2023 which is **107 more offences than at the end of January 2022**. Compared to December 2022 there has been a 6.7% increase in Domestic Abuse VWI offences.

Between March and September the number of offences remained above those of 2020/21. In June 2022, numbers reached the highest levels in 2021/22 with 91 offences recorded. This is in contrast to 63 offences recorded in June 2021.

In London there was a 0.1% decrease. Offences increased from 22,857 to 22,832. London has seen an decrease of 3.4% in January 2023 when compared to December 2022.



Sexual Offences

Figures for Enfield show that 807 Sexual Offences were reported in year ending January 2023. This is a **decrease of 5.8%** from the 857 offences recorded in the borough by the end of January 2022, a **difference of 50 less offences**.

London experienced an increase of 3.2%, with 25,209 offences by the end of January 2023.

There were 17 more Sexual offences in January 2023 compared with the previous month in Enfield. Across London there was a 16.2% increase from December 2022 to January 2023.

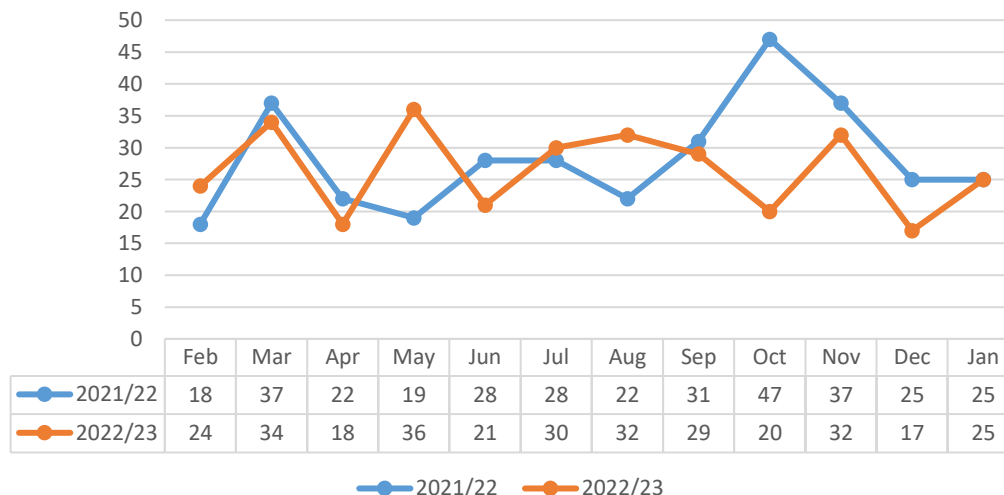
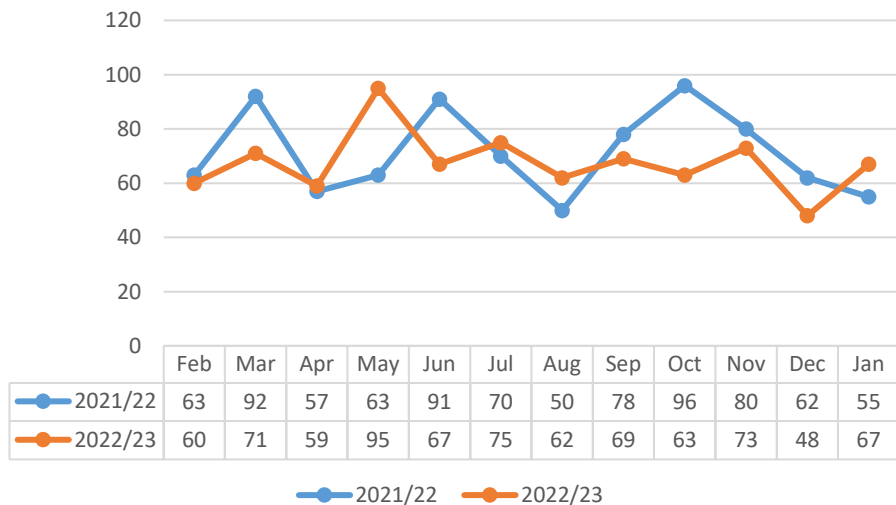
Rape Offences

Rape offences **decreased in Enfield by 5.3%** from 339 by end of January 2022 to 321 by the end of January 2023, a **difference of 18 less offences** by the end of the year.

In London, there was an increase of 1.3% with 9,228 offences reported in 2021/23 compared to 9,111 by the end of January 2022.

Enfield has seen 8 more Rape offences in January 2023 compared to December 2022.

London has seen an increase of 16.3% in January 2023, when compared to December 2022.



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CRIME SCRUTINY PANEL WORK PROGRAMME

Date of meeting	Topic	Lead Officer	Lead Members	Executive Director/ Director	Reason for proposal	Other Committee/ Cabinet/Council approvals?
28 June 2022	Work planning					
13 September 2022	12 HRA Enfield Funded Officers	Andrea Clemons/ Supt Rhona Hunt (Police)	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Proposed review of effectiveness and impact of the police officers funded by Enfield Council	
	Crime Prevention & Detection with a focus on serious crime including knife crime	Andrea Clemons/ Supt Rhona Hunt (Police)	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Police priority for 2022/23	
	SSCB Performance Management – provide a monitoring overview of performances	Andrea Clemons	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Standard agenda item	
7 December 2022	Violence against women and girls	Julie Tailor/Supt Rhona Hunt (Police)	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Panel requested further details on awareness and prevention. This was previously a MOPAC priority.	
	Serious youth crime	Ivana Price	Cllr Abdullahi	Tony Theodoulou	This was a priority highlighted by Anne Stoker	
	SSCB Performance	Andrea	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Standard agenda item	

	Management – provide a monitoring overview of performances	Clemons				
1 March 2023	Pledge for 50 additional officers in Enfield	Doug Wilkinson/ Martin Rattigan	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Cabinet Member presented this item to the Panel	
	Streetlighting – focusing on the potential impact on crime	Doug Wilkson/ John Grimes	Cllr Jewell	Sarah Cary	This was presented to the Panel as a Police priority for 2022/23	
	SSCB Performance Management – provide a monitoring overview of performances	Andrea Clemons	Cllr Needs	Tony Theodoulou	Standard agenda item	

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